PIMCO Global Income Opportunities Fund

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

The PIMCO Global Income Opportunities Fund returned 1.16% at NAV in March, and Year-to-date the Fund has returned 3.25% at NAV.

Risk assets gained over the quarter amid a boom in technology stocks, and credit spreads broadly tightened. Bond yields sold off as the Fed officially moved the possibility of rate hikes to mid-year and inflation continued to prove sticky.

Despite this backdrop, the MSCI World Index returned 9.01% over the quarter. The Global Aggregate Bond Index (USD-Hedged) was flat over the quarter, posting a return of 0.01%, while the 10-year U.S. Treasury yield ended 32 bps higher at 4.20%.

Contributors

- Holdings related to corporate special situation investments
- Exposure to corporate credit
- Exposure to residential mortgage credit

Detractors

- Long interest rate positioning
- Holdings related to emerging market special situation investments
- Exposure to U.S. commercial mortgage credit

Fund information

Fund Inception Date	21 Mar 2014
Strategy	FIXED INCOME, MULTI SECTOR
Total Net Assets CAD (in millions)	\$276.74

Expenses

Management Fee ¹	1.25
MER	5.26
Distribution Rates	
Market Price Distribution Rate ²	8.85 %
NAV Distribution Rate ²	9.02 %
at NAV Distribution (\$/Unit)	\$0.05688

¹The Management Fee is applied to the Fund's total assets. Total assets is the aggregate value of the assets of the Fund. ²Distribution rates are not performance and are calculated by annualizing the most recent distribution per unit and dividing by the NAV or Market Price as of the reported date.

Portfolio Manager

Alfred Murata, Dan Ivascyn, Joshua Anderson

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Please note that this material contains the opinions of the manager as of the date noted, and may not have been updated to reflect real time market developments. All opinions are subject to change without notice.

Month End Performance 31 Mar 2024

Since 3 mos 1 Yr. YTD 1 Yr 3 Yrs. 6 mos. 5 Yrs. 10 Yrs. inception 3.25 11.04 13.26 0.72 3.29 13.26 3.25 6.10 6.11 7.12 17.99 11.50 7.12 11.50 1.14 2.45 5.80 5.85

- PIMCO Global Income Opportunities Fund at NAV
- PIMCO Global Income Opportunities Fund at Market Price

You will usually pay brokerage fees to your dealer if you purchase or sell units of the investment fund on Toronto Stock Exchange (the "TSX"). If the units are purchased or sold on the TSX, investors may pay more than the current net asset value when buying units of the investment fund and may receive less than the current net asset value when selling them. There are ongoing fees and expenses associated with owning units of an investment fund. An investment fund must prepare disclosure documents that contain key information about the fund. You can find more detailed information about the fund in these documents.

Quarter End Performance 31 Mar 2024

The indicated rates of return are the historical annual compounded total returns including changes in unit value and reinvestment of all distributions and do not take into account certain fees such as redemption fees or optional charges or income taxes payable by any securityholder that would have reduced returns. Investment funds are not guaranteed, their values change frequently and past performance may not be repeated.

PORTFOLIO POSITIONING

With a flexible multisector approach across public and private markets, we seek relative value by investing in opportunities where spreads have widened and yields are high, yet we believe credit risk hasn't increased meaningfully.

We continue to be focused on residential mortgage-backed securities (MBS), which provide a potential source of income and capital appreciation. Residential mortgage credit valuations remain attractive, and fundamentals look resilient today as strong equity cushions continue to provide downside support. We are taking a selective approach to risk taking in commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS), focusing on high conviction opportunities at attractive valuations and most importantly, deals with strong underwriting fundamentals.

We have also been investing in corporate credit, notably in special situation rather than generic opportunities, by leveraging the size and scale of the PIMCO platform to obtain control of credit documentation and maintain seniority in the capital structure.

Within emerging markets, we have relatively limited exposure, and have a bias towards higher-quality sovereign and quasi-sovereign names.

Overall, we seek to find the most attractive income-generating opportunities, capture a complexity and liquidity premia and maintain a resilient portfolio across economic scenarios.

Sector Allocation (% Market Value)		
Government Related	5.56	
Securitized ⁶	42.36	
Invest. Grade Credit	0.88	
High Yield Credit	34.41	
Emerging Markets ^Ω	6.90	
Municipal/Other∆	13.69	
Net Other Short Duration Instrumentsr ¹¹	-3.80	

QUARTER IN REVIEW

Holdings related to corporate special situation investments contributed as the securities posted positive returns to corporate and residential mortgage credit contributed as the sectors posted positive returns.

Long interest rate positioning detracted from performance as rates rose over the quarter. Exposure to holdings related to emerging market special situation investments and U.S. commercial mortgage credit detracted from performance as select securities posted negative returns.

Global high yield bond spreads tightened 28 bps for Q1 '24, ending the quarter at 327 bps. Altogether, the asset class returned 1.64% amid a supportive earnings season and improved capital market access.

Legacy non-Agency residential MBS spreads tightened during the quarter while non-Agency CMBS returned 1.97%, outperforming like-duration Treasuries by 240 bps.

The EM asset class posted mixed returns as dovish comments from the Fed removed a large event risk for EM assets, and as monetary policy and inflation differentiation become increasingly relevant for EM rates.

OUTLOOK AND STRATEGY

The global investment landscape is set to be transformed in the months ahead as the trajectories of major economies diverge more noticeably. Central banks, which tightened policy in unison to curb the pandemic inflationary spike, will likely follow varied paths when cutting interest rates. Today's environment underscores the importance of global diversification, prudent risk mitigation, and constructing resilient portfolios through active management.

Structured credit remains a key focus for us, particularly nonagency MBS, where credit support is robust and valuations remain attractive. Within CMBS, our approach is selective, favoring sectors that are benefiting from macroeconomic tailwinds and possess strong underlying tenant profiles.

In the realm of corporate credit, we prefer idiosyncratic risk, where we can secure positions senior in the capital structure, backed by strong asset support. Elevated concerns persist for corporate borrowers with floating rate debt, given the potential for rates to remain high. We are especially focused on corporate special situations opportunities, where PIMCO can act as a liquidity provider or offer rescue financing. These opportunities are appealing due to their limited downside risk and significant upside potential.

We believe that our disciplined relative value approach and "bend-don't-break" portfolio philosophy will continue to reward clients across various macroeconomic scenarios.

FUND STATISTICS

Effective Duration (yrs)	3.52
Average Coupon (%)	3.79
Effective Maturity (yrs)	5.81

No offering is being made by this material.

Effective duration is the duration for a bond with an embedded option when the value is calculated to include the expected change in cash flow caused by the option as interest rates change.

[♦]The Securitized bucket will include Agency MBS, nonAgency MBS, CMBS, ABS, CDO, CLO, and Pooled Funds.

^QShort duration emerging markets instruments includes an emerging market security or other instrument economically tied to an emerging market country by country of risk with an effective duration less than one year and rated investment grade or higher or if unrated, determined to be similar quality by PIMCO. Emerging Markets includes the value of short duration emerging markets instruments previously reported in another category.

[&]quot;Net Other Short Duration Instruments includes securities and other instruments (except instruments tied to emerging markets by country of risk) with an effective duration less than one year and rated investment grade or higher or, if unrated, determined by PIMCO to be of comparable quality, commingled liquidity funds, uninvested cash, interest receivables, net unsettled trades, broker money, short duration derivatives and derivatives offsets. With respect to certain categories of short duration securities, the Adviser reserves the discretion to require a minimum credit rating higher than investment grade for inclusion in this category. Derivatives Offsets includes offsets associated with investments in futures, swaps and other derivatives. Such offsets may be taken at the notional value of the derivative position.



Effective maturity is a weighted average of all the maturities of the bonds in a portfolio, computed by weighting each bonds effective maturity by the market value of the security.

The fund mentioned is a closed-end exchange traded investment fund. The material presented here is only to provide information and is not intended for trading purposes. Closed-end funds, unlike open-end funds, are not continuously offered. After the initial public offering, units are sold on the open market through a stock exchange. Closed-end funds may be leveraged and carry various risks depending upon the underlying assets owned by a fund. Investment policies, management fees and other matters of interest to prospective investors may be found in each closed-end funds annual and semi-annual report. For additional information, please contact your investment professional.

This is not an offer to sell these securities and not a solicitation of an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. Before you invest, you should carefully read the fund's offering documents and consider carefully the risks you assume when you invest in the fund's units. There can be no assurance that the fund will achieve its investment objectives or be able to structure its investment portfolio as anticipated.

A significant portion of the fund's monthly distributions may be sourced from the fund's derivatives transactions. Some or all of these transactions, such as paired swap transactions, may also generate capital losses without corresponding offsetting capital gains, such that portions of the fund's distributions recognized as ordinary income for tax purposes may be economically similar to a taxable return of capital when considered together with such capital losses.

Investments made by a Fund and the results achieved by a Fund are not expected to be the same as those made by any other PIMCO-advised Fund, including those with a similar name, investment objective or policies. A new or smaller Fund's performance may not represent how the Fund is expected to or may perform in the long-term. New Funds have limited operating histories for investors to evaluate and new and smaller Funds may not attract sufficient assets to achieve investment and trading efficiencies.

A word about risk: Investing in the bond market is subject to risks, including market, interest rate, issuer, credit, inflation risk, and liquidity risk. The value of most bonds and bond strategies are impacted by changes in interest rates. Bonds and bond strategies with longer durations tend to be more sensitive and volatile than those with shorter durations; bond prices generally fall as interest rates rise, and low interest rate environments increase this risk. Reductions in bond counterparty capacity may contribute to decreased market liquidity and increased price volatility. Bond investments may be worth more or less than the original cost when redeemed. Investing in foreign denominated and/or domiciled securities may involve heightened risk due to currency fluctuations, and economic and political risks, which may be enhanced in emerging markets. Sovereign securities are generally backed by the issuing government. Obligations of U.S. government agencies and authorities are supported by varying degrees, but are generally not backed by the full faith of the U.S. government. Portfolios that invest in such securities are not guaranteed and will fluctuate in value. Mortgage and asset-backed securities may be sensitive to changes in interest rates, subject to early repayment risk, and while generally backed by a government, government-agency or private guarantor there is no assurance that the guarantor will meet its obligations. High-yield, lower-rated, securities involve greater risk than higher-rated securities; portfolios that invest in them may be subject to greater levels of credit and liquidity risk than portfolios that do not. Currency rates may fluctuate significantly over short periods of time and may reduce the returns of a portfolio. The use of leverage may cause a portfolio to be more volatile than if the portfolio had not been leveraged. Derivatives may involve certain costs and risks such as liquidity, interest rate, market, credit, management and the risk that a position could not be closed when m

The Fund may invest directly or indirectly in securities of stressed or distressed issuers, which include securities at risk of being in default as to the repayment of principal and/or interest at the time of acquisition by the Fund or that are rated in the lower rating categories by one or more nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (for example, Ca or lower by Moody's or CC or lower by S&P or Fitch) or, if unrated, are determined by PIMCO to be of comparable quality. Debt instruments of below investment grade quality (below Baa3 by Moody's or below BBB- by S&P or Fitch) are regarded as having predominantly speculative characteristics with respect to capacity to pay interest and to repay principal, and are commonly referred to as "high yield" securities or "junk bonds." Debt instruments in the lowest investment grade category also may be considered to possess some speculative characteristics. The Fund may, for hedging, investment or leveraging purposes, make use of credit default swaps, which are contracts whereby one party makes periodic payments to a counterparty in exchange for the right to receive from the counterparty a payment equal to the par (or other agreed upon) value of a referenced debt obligation in the event of a default or other credit event by the issuer of the debt obligation.

Total net asset value (NAV) return measures the change in NAV per unit over the period indicated. Total market value return is computed based upon the Fund's TSX market price per unit and excludes the effects of brokerage commissions. Distributions are assumed, for purposes of these calculations, to be reinvested at prices obtained under the Fund's distribution-reinvestment plan. As with any stock, the price of the fund's common shares will fluctuate with market conditions and other factors. Securities of closed-end funds frequently trade at a price that is less than (a "discount") or more than (a "premium") from their net asset value. If the fund's units trade at a premium to net asset value, there is no assurance that any such premium will be sustained for any period of time and will not decrease, or that the units will not trade at a discount to net asset value thereafter. Additionally, the fund's distribution rate may be affected by numerous factors, including changes in realized and projected market returns, fund performance, and other factors. There can be no assurance that a change in market conditions or other factors will not result in a change in the fund distribution rate at a future time.

Portfolio structure is subject to change without notice and may not be representative of current or future allocations.

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Global High Yield is represented by the ICE BofAML Developed Market High Yield Index, USD Hedged. External EM debt is represented by the JP Morgan EMBI Global Index. Local EM debt is represented by the JP Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified Index. Emerging Market (EM) Non-agency commercial MBS is represented by the Bloomberg Investment Grade Non-Agency CMBS Index.

References to agency and non-agency mortgage-backed securities refer to mortgages issued in the United States.